

# DATA FOR PROGRESS

From November 10 to 15, 2021, Data for Progress conducted a survey of 1,323 likely voters nationally using web panel respondents. The sample was weighted to be representative of likely voters by age, gender, education, race, and voting history. The survey was conducted in English. The margin of error is ±3 percentage points.

N=1,323 unless otherwise specified. Some values may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

		D	I	R
<p><b>[1]</b> When thinking about government regulations around the labor practices of private businesses, which statement comes closer to your view, even if neither is completely right?</p>	The federal government should not waste taxpayer dollars to intervene in the dealings of private businesses. Burdening employers with regulations is harmful to company profits. . . . . <b>32%</b>	15%	30%	53%
	The federal government should have a role in regulating labor practices of private businesses. Government regulations protect workers from companies that prioritize profit over workers' well-being. . . . . <b>56</b>	74	55	37
	Don't know . . . . . <b>12</b>	12	14	10
		D	I	R
<p><b>[2]</b> "Independent contractors" are workers that provide services to businesses, but are not classified as full-time employees, so they are not entitled to minimum wages, overtime pay, anti-discrimination protections, union rights, or injury compensation.</p> <p>When thinking about how companies are allowed to classify workers as "independent contractors", which of the following statements comes closer to your view, even if neither is completely right?</p>	There should be strict rules on how companies are allowed to classify workers as "independent contractors" because all workers of a company should be entitled to basic worker rights. . . . . <b>65%</b>	73%	62%	59%
	There should be loose rules on how companies are allowed to classify workers as "independent contractors" because companies should have the flexibility to classify workers depending on their needs. . . <b>24</b>	18	21	32
	Don't know . . . . . <b>11</b>	9	17	10
		D	I	R
<p><b>[3]</b> Some government regulators are considering a proposal that would require all employers to say when they use private consultants to disrupt unionization efforts among their workers.</p> <p>Do you support or oppose this proposal?</p>	Strongly support . . . . . 25%	37%	23%	14%
	Somewhat support . . . . . 31	30	29	33
	Somewhat oppose . . . . . 16	10	16	23
	Strongly oppose . . . . . 11	7	10	15
	Don't know . . . . . 17	16	21	16
	SUPPORT (TOTAL) . . . . . 56%	67%	52%	47%
	OPPOSE (TOTAL) . . . . . 27	17	26	38
SUPPORT (NET) . . . . . <b>+29</b>	+50	+26	+9	

**[4]** When thinking about caregivers, such as those for children and the elderly, which of the following statements comes closer to your view, even neither is completely right?

		D	I	R
Caregivers deserve the same kind of labor protections that other workers have. When caregivers are protected against discrimination and ensured a fair wage, the whole economy benefits. ....	<b>75%</b>	82%	72%	69%
Caregivers are different from other types of labor so they are not entitled to the same benefits as other workers. Giving caregivers benefits increases the cost of caregiving services. ....	<b>15</b>	10	14	22
Don't know .....	<b>10</b>	8	14	9

**[5]** In the past, employers who were withholding wages from workers were ordered by the courts to pay back their workers 80% of the wages and compensation they were owed.

Recently, the federal government changed this requirement so that now employers who are found in court to withhold wages from workers have to pay back no less than 100% of the wages and compensation their workers are owed.

Do you support or oppose this new requirement to pay workers who were withheld wages no less than 100% of what they were owed?

		D	I	R
Strongly support .....	51%	56%	48%	46
Somewhat support .....	30	24	32	34
Somewhat oppose .....	6	6	5	6
Strongly oppose .....	3	4	1	4
Don't know .....	11	9	13	11
SUPPORT (TOTAL) .....	81%	80%	80%	80
OPPOSE (TOTAL) .....	9	10	6	10
SUPPORT (NET) .....	<b>+72</b>	+70	+74	+70

**[6]** Some government regulators are considering a proposal that would impose fees on a foreign factory's exports if that factory was found to have violated their workers' rights.

When thinking about this proposal, which statement comes closest to your view, even if neither is exactly right?

		D	I	R
The U.S. should impose fees on exports from a foreign factory if they are found to violate their workers' rights, even if consumers face higher costs for goods produced with strong labor standards. ....	<b>70%</b>	73%	70%	66%
The U.S. should not impose fees on exports from a foreign factory if they are found to violate their workers' rights, because keeping costs low for consumers should be prioritized. ....	<b>17</b>	14	14	24
Don't know .....	<b>13</b>	13	16	10