回 DATA FOR **PROGRESS**



From April 2 to April 5, 2021, Invest in America and Data for Progress conducted a survey of 1209 likely voters nationally using web panel respondents. The sample was weighted to be representative of likely voters by age, gender, education, race, and voting history. The survey was conducted in English. The margin of error is ±3 percentage points.

N=1209 unless otherwise specified. Some values may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

[1] The pandemic proved that caregiving is an essential part
of our economy. In addition to investing in physical
infrastructure like roads and bridges, lawmakers in Congress
are proposing investments in our care economy. This
includes creating more caregiving jobs and paying caregivers
a living wage and ensuring that all workers have access to
paid family and medical leave. It would also expand access
to affordable child care and long term for seniors and
people with disabilities. Do you support or oppose these
investments in care infrastructure?

[2] In addition to investing in American infrastructure like
roads and bridges, lawmakers in Congress are proposing
investments in our care economy, so that all working people
and their loved ones are better able to receive and provide
care. Below is a list of areas in the care economy that may
receive investments through the package. For each of the
following, say whether you support or oppose it
Expanding access to high quality, affordable child care for
working families.

[3] In addition to investing in American infrastructure like roads and bridges, lawmakers in Congress are proposing investments in our care economy, so that all working people and their loved ones are better able to receive and provide care. Below is a list of areas in the care economy that may receive investments through the package. For each of the following, say whether you support or oppose it. -- Expanding access to high quality, affordable care for aging people and people with disabilities.

		D	I	R
Strongly support	36%	56%	29%	21
Somewhat support	35	33	35	37
Somewhat oppose	12	4	15	19
Strongly oppose	7	2	7	13
Don't know	9	5	13	10
SUPPORT (TOTAL)	71%	89%	64%	58
OPPOSE (TOTAL)	19	6	22	32
SUPPORT (NET)	+52	+83	+42	+26
		D	I	R
Strongly support	38%	60%	31%	20
Somewhat support	35	31	34	40
Somewhat oppose	12	4	15	19
Strongly oppose	7	1	8	12
Don't know	8	4	12	9
SUPPORT (TOTAL)	73%	91%	65%	60
OPPOSE (TOTAL)	19	5	23	31
		+86	+42	+29
SUPPORT (NET)	+54	+80	+42	+29
		D	I	R
Strongly support	46%	66%	38%	31
Somewhat support	33	24	36	41
Somewhat oppose	9	4	10	13
Strongly oppose	5	2	5	9
Don't know	7	4	11	6
SUPPORT (TOTAL)	79%	90%	74%	72
OPPOSE (TOTAL)	14	6	15	22

SUPPORT (NET) +65

+50

[4] In addition to investing in American infrastructure like roads and bridges, lawmakers in Congress are proposing investments in our care economy, so that all working people and their loved ones are better able to receive and provide care. Below is a list of areas in the care economy that may receive investments through the package. For each of the following, say whether you support or oppose it. -- Investing in the care workforce to ensure care workers are paid living wages.

[5] In addition to investing in American infrastructure like roads and bridges, lawmakers in Congress are proposing investments in our care economy, so that all working people and their loved ones are better able to receive and provide care. Below is a list of areas in the care economy that may receive investments through the package. For each of the following, say whether you support or oppose it. -- Creating millions of good-paying new jobs for care providers, which would allow millions of unpaid caregivers to rejoin the workforce.

[6] In addition to investing in American infrastructure like roads and bridges, lawmakers in Congress are proposing investments in our care economy, so that all working people and their loved ones are better able to receive and provide care. Below is a list of areas in the care economy that may receive investments through the package. For each of the following, say whether you support or oppose it. -- Ensuring all workers have access to paid family and medical leave.

		D	I	R
Strongly support	42%	64%	33%	25
Somewhat support	32	26	31	40
Somewhat oppose	10	4	13	16
Strongly oppose	7	1	10	11
Don't know	8	5	13	8
SUPPORT (TOTAL)	74%	90%	64%	65
OPPOSE (TOTAL)	17	5	23	27
SUPPORT (NET)	+57	+85	+41	+38
		D	I	R
Strongly support	41%	63%	31%	24
Somewhat support	30	26	30	36
Somewhat oppose	11	4	17	15
Strongly oppose	7	2	7	14
Don't know	10	5	15	11
SUPPORT (TOTAL)	71%	89%	61%	60
OPPOSE (TOTAL)	18	6	24	29
SUPPORT (NET)	+53	+83	+37	+31
		D	I	R
Strongly support	47%	66%	37%	33
Somewhat support	28	25	26	31
Somewhat oppose	10	2	16	15
Strongly oppose	8	2	9	13
Don't know	8	5	12	8
SUPPORT (TOTAL)	75%	91%	63%	64
OPPOSE (TOTAL)	18	4	25	28
SUPPORT (NET)	+57	+87	+38	+36

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		D		R
[7] During the pandemic, more than 2.3 million women had to leave the labor force to become unpaid caregivers. As a result, women's labor force participation is the lowest it's been since 1988. To address this, lawmakers in Congress are proposing investments in our care economy. When thinking about this proposal, which statement comes closer to your view, even if neither is exactly right?	To help the economic recovery after the pandemic, we should invest in caregiving, by expanding access to affordable child care and long term care for seniors and people with disabilities, ensuring that all workers have access to paid family and medical leave, and providing care workers a living wage	% 86%	45%	39%
	Now is not the time to make this investment in policies that help people manage work and care. Trillions of dollars have already been spent on the pandemic and the national debt is growing out of control. We shouldn't spend more money right now	7	40	49
	Don't know	7	14	12
		D	I	R
[8] When it comes to caring for children, older adults, or those with disabilities, which statement comes closer to your view, even if neither is exactly right?	Caregiving is both an individual and social responsibility and the federal government should become more involved in providing support 58	% 79%	53%	38%
	This is an individual family responsibility and the federal government should not become more involved in providing support . 33	14	36	50
	Don't know	7	11	12
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