CLIMATE

From August 20 to 23, 2021, Data for Progress conducted a survey of 711 likely voters in HI-01, OR-05, NJ-05, ME-02, GA-07, TX-15, TX-28, TX-34, and CA-16 using SMS and web panel respondents. The sample was weighted to be representative of likely voters by age, gender, education, race, and voting history. The survey was conducted in English. The margin of error is ±3 percentage points.

N=711 unless otherwise specified. Some values may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

This report is filtered to respondents: CA 016, GA 007, HI 001, ME 002, NJ 005, OR 005, TX 015, TX 028, TX 034

[1] The U.S. Senate recently passed the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, which will invest \$550 billion to repair roads and bridges, modernize and expand transportation infrastructure, replace lead drinking water pipes, and upgrade our power infrastructure.

Do you support or oppose the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act?

[2] While the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act makes investments in physical infrastructure, many lawmakers are calling for Congress to make additional investments to address climate change and extreme weather, create clean energy jobs, and reduce pollution.

How important or not important do you think it is that lawmakers in Congress make these additional investments?

[3] Some lawmakers have proposed a new \$3.5 trillion "Build Back Better" proposal that would expand Medicare benefits, lower healthcare costs and prescription drug prices, and expand access to affordable caretaking services for children and the elderly. This plan would also take action to address climate change and extreme weather, create clean energy jobs, and reduce pollution.

Do you support or oppose this proposal?

		D	I	R
Strongly support	40%	63%	35%	16%
Somewhat support	30	30	29	32
Somewhat oppose	10	2	9	22
Strongly oppose	14	1	18	26
Don't know	6	5	8	5
SUPPORT (TOTAL)	70%	93%	64%	48%
OPPOSE (TOTAL)	24	3	27	48
SUPPORT (NET)	+46	+90	+37	0
		D	I	R
Very important	41%	72%	34%	9
Somewhat important	25	25	28	21
Not very important	12	2	10	26
Not at all important	22	1	29	43
IMPORTANT (TOTAL)	66%	97%	62%	30
NOT IMPORTANT (TOTAL)	34	3	39	69
IMPORTANT (NET)	+32	+94	+23	-39
		D	I	R
Strongly support	43%	72%	36%	12
Somewhat support	20	22	16	23
Somewhat oppose	9	1	11	18
Strongly oppose	24	2	30	45
Don't know	4	3	7	2
SUPPORT (TOTAL)	63%	94%	52%	35
OPPOSE (TOTAL)	33	3	41	63
SUPPORT (NET)	+30	+91	+11	-28

[4] Would you be more or less likely to vote for a candidate				
for Congress who opposes the "Build Back Better" proposal				
that would expand Medicare benefits, lower healthcare				
costs and prescription drug prices, expand access to				
affordable caretaking services for children and the elderly,				
take action to address climate change, create clean energy				
jobs, and reduce pollution?				

Much more likely	21%	10%	26%	28%
Somewhat more likely	15	14	14	18
Somewhat less likely	15	16	12	16
Much less likely	35	51	33	18
Does not affect my choice	14	9	16	20
MORE LIKELY (TOTAL)	36%	24%	40%	46%
LESS LIKELY (TOTAL)	50	67	45	34
MORE LIKELY (NET)	-14	-43	-5	+12
		_		_

D

R

[5] President Biden and most Democrats in Congress support the "Build Back Better" proposal that would expand Medicare benefits, lower healthcare costs and prescription drug prices, expand access to affordable caretaking services for children and the elderly, take action to address climate change, create clean energy jobs, and reduce pollution. Most Republicans in Congress oppose the "Build Back Better" proposal.

Do you think Democrats in Congress should use their majority to pass this proposal?

		D	1	R
Yes, Democrats in Congress should use their majority to pass this proposal, even if no Republicans in Congress will vote for it	49%	87%	42%	9%
No, Democrats in Congress should not use their majority to pass this proposal if no Republicans in				
Congress will vote for it	42	6	48	82

Don't know 9