

From August 27 to 30, 2021, Invest in America and Data for Progress conducted a survey of 1,193 likely voters nationally using web panel respondents. The sample was weighted to be representative of likely voters by age, gender, education, race, and voting history. The survey was conducted in English. The margin of error is ±3 percentage points.

N=1,201 unless otherwise specified. Some values may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

		D	I	R	
<p><b>[1]</b> The Investment Infrastructure and Jobs Act (formerly Bipartisan Infrastructure Framework) is a proposal to invest \$550 billion in transit and rail networks, roads and bridges, broadband, and environmental resiliency.</p> <p>Do you support or oppose the Bipartisan Infrastructure Framework?</p>	Strongly support . . . . .	29%	45%	27%	12
	Somewhat support . . . . .	40	36	41	43
	Somewhat oppose . . . . .	12	7	14	16
	Strongly oppose . . . . .	10	4	7	18
	Don't know . . . . .	10	8	11	11
	SUPPORT (TOTAL) . . . . .	69%	81%	68%	55
	OPPOSE (TOTAL) . . . . .	22	11	21	34
	SUPPORT (NET) . . . . .	<b>+47</b>	+70	+47	+21

		D	I	R	
<p><b>[2]</b> Some lawmakers in Congress are proposing a \$3.5 trillion investment plan that does the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Invests in high quality, low-cost long-term care for seniors and people with disabilities</li> <li>• Expands Medicare benefits to cover hearing, vision, and dental care, as well as lowers the eligibility age to 60</li> <li>• Allows Medicare to negotiate the cost of prescription drugs</li> <li>• Creates universal pre-kindergarten for all 3- and 4-year-olds</li> <li>• Modernizes our electricity grid and increases the use of clean energy</li> <li>• Extends the expanded Child Tax Credit which provides support to parents to help with the cost of raising a family</li> </ul>	Strongly support . . . . .	30%	48%	26%	13
	Somewhat support . . . . .	31	35	32	27
	Somewhat oppose . . . . .	14	5	17	22
	Strongly oppose . . . . .	16	4	15	30
	Don't know . . . . .	9	8	10	8
	SUPPORT (TOTAL) . . . . .	61%	83%	58%	40
	OPPOSE (TOTAL) . . . . .	30	9	32	52
	SUPPORT (NET) . . . . .	<b>+31</b>	+74	+26	-12

To pass it would require the use of a non-standard procedure called "reconciliation" that allows legislation to pass the Senate with a simple majority.

Do you support or oppose this investment plan?

**[3]** Below is a list of proposals that may be included in a \$3.5 trillion investment plan. To pass it would require the use of a non-standard procedure called "reconciliation" that allows legislation to pass the Senate with a simple majority.

For each proposal, say whether you support or oppose it.

— Universal pre-kindergarten for all 3- and 4-year-olds

		D	I	R
Strongly support	31%	45%	30%	16%
Somewhat support	29	32	30	25
Somewhat oppose	14	8	11	22
Strongly oppose	15	5	16	26
Don't know	11	10	12	11
SUPPORT (TOTAL)	60%	77%	60%	41%
OPPOSE (TOTAL)	29	13	27	48
SUPPORT (NET)	<b>+31</b>	+64	+33	-7

**[4]** Below is a list of proposals that may be included in a \$3.5 trillion investment plan. To pass it would require the use of a non-standard procedure called "reconciliation" that allows legislation to pass the Senate with a simple majority.

For each proposal, say whether you support or oppose it.

— Two years of tuition-free community college

		D	I	R
Strongly support	34%	49%	31%	19
Somewhat support	25	28	27	21
Somewhat oppose	13	10	13	15
Strongly oppose	20	5	21	36
Don't know	9	9	8	9
SUPPORT (TOTAL)	59%	77%	58%	40
OPPOSE (TOTAL)	33	15	34	51
SUPPORT (NET)	<b>+26</b>	+62	+24	-11

**[5]** Below is a list of proposals that may be included in a \$3.5 trillion investment plan. To pass it would require the use of a non-standard procedure called "reconciliation" that allows legislation to pass the Senate with a simple majority.

For each proposal, say whether you support or oppose it.

— Lowering the Medicare eligibility age from 65 to 60

		D	I	R
Strongly support	33%	45%	28%	23%
Somewhat support	25	25	26	25
Somewhat oppose	15	13	15	18
Strongly oppose	17	6	18	28
Don't know	10	11	13	7
SUPPORT (TOTAL)	58%	70%	54%	48%
OPPOSE (TOTAL)	32	19	33	46
SUPPORT (NET)	<b>+26</b>	+51	+21	+2

**[6]** Below is a list of proposals that may be included in a \$3.5 trillion investment plan. To pass it would require the use of a non-standard procedure called "reconciliation" that allows legislation to pass the Senate with a simple majority.

For each proposal, say whether you support or oppose it.

— Repairing and modernizing K-12 school buildings

		D	I	R
Strongly support	37%	52%	35%	23
Somewhat support	36	31	36	42
Somewhat oppose	11	6	13	15
Strongly oppose	7	3	7	11
Don't know	9	9	10	8
SUPPORT (TOTAL)	73%	83%	71%	65
OPPOSE (TOTAL)	18	9	20	26
SUPPORT (NET)	<b>+55</b>	+74	+51	+39

**[7]** Below is a list of proposals that may be included in a \$3.5 trillion investment plan. To pass it would require the use of a non-standard procedure called "reconciliation" that allows legislation to pass the Senate with a simple majority.

For each proposal, say whether you support or oppose it.

— Investing in long-term care for seniors and people with disabilities

		D	I	R
Strongly support	46%	57%	44%	34
Somewhat support	34	27	35	39
Somewhat oppose	7	4	7	10
Strongly oppose	5	2	5	10
Don't know	8	9	9	7
SUPPORT (TOTAL)	80%	84%	79%	73
OPPOSE (TOTAL)	12	6	12	20
SUPPORT (NET)	<b>+68</b>	+78	+67	+53

**[8]** Below is a list of proposals that may be included in a \$3.5 trillion investment plan. To pass it would require the use of a non-standard procedure called "reconciliation" that allows legislation to pass the Senate with a simple majority.

For each proposal, say whether you support or oppose it.

— Providing a pathway to citizenship for undocumented immigrants brought to the United States as children, those who work in essential industries, and for people who would be unsafe returning to their country of origin

		D	I	R
Strongly support	31%	50%	31%	11%
Somewhat support	30	29	34	30
Somewhat oppose	10	7	8	16
Strongly oppose	18	5	17	34
Don't know	10	10	10	10
SUPPORT (TOTAL)	61%	79%	65%	41%
OPPOSE (TOTAL)	28	12	25	50
SUPPORT (NET)	<b>+33</b>	+67	+40	-9

**[9]** Below is a list of proposals that may be included in a \$3.5 trillion investment plan. To pass it would require the use of a non-standard procedure called "reconciliation" that allows legislation to pass the Senate with a simple majority.

For each proposal, say whether you support or oppose it.

— Modernizing the electric grid, improving reliability, and funding new research

		D	I	R
Strongly support	39%	52%	39%	26
Somewhat support	35	29	37	42
Somewhat oppose	10	6	9	14
Strongly oppose	6	3	5	10
Don't know	9	10	11	8
SUPPORT (TOTAL)	74%	81%	76%	68
OPPOSE (TOTAL)	16	9	14	24
SUPPORT (NET)	<b>+58</b>	+72	+62	+44

**[10]** Below is a list of proposals that may be included in a \$3.5 trillion investment plan. To pass it would require the use of a non-standard procedure called "reconciliation" that allows legislation to pass the Senate with a simple majority.

For each proposal, say whether you support or oppose it.

— Creating a Civilian Climate Corps to add jobs to address climate change and conservation

		D	I	R
Strongly support	30%	49%	28%	12
Somewhat support	29	29	32	26
Somewhat oppose	12	8	9	17
Strongly oppose	18	4	20	32
Don't know	11	11	10	13
SUPPORT (TOTAL)	59%	78%	60%	38
OPPOSE (TOTAL)	30	12	29	49
SUPPORT (NET)	<b>+29</b>	+66	+31	-11

**[11]** Below is a list of proposals that may be included in a \$3.5 trillion investment plan. To pass it would require the use of a non-standard procedure called "reconciliation" that allows legislation to pass the Senate with a simple majority.

For each proposal, say whether you support or oppose it.

— Extending Child Tax benefits for families

		D	I	R
Strongly support . . . . .	25%	37%	20%	15
Somewhat support . . . . .	28	31	30	22
Somewhat oppose . . . . .	18	13	18	24
Strongly oppose . . . . .	20	7	22	31
Don't know . . . . .	10	11	10	9
<b>SUPPORT (TOTAL)</b> . . . . .	<b>53%</b>	<b>68%</b>	<b>50%</b>	<b>37</b>
<b>OPPOSE (TOTAL)</b> . . . . .	<b>38</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>55</b>
<b>SUPPORT (NET)</b> . . . . .	<b>+15</b>	<b>+48</b>	<b>+10</b>	<b>-18</b>

**[12]** Some lawmakers in Congress are proposing a \$3.5 trillion investment plan. This plan would make long-term care, health care, child care, and prescription drugs more affordable, while also investing in clean energy and extending tax cuts for most families with children.

While this plan is fully paid for by a mix of increasing taxes on the wealthy and large corporations, some lawmakers are concerned about how much this plan costs. Other lawmakers think the plan is currently the right size.

Below is a list of the different provisions of the plan. For each, say whether you want it to remain in the plan or be cut.

— Universal pre-kindergarten for all 3- and 4-year-olds

		D	I	R
Remain in the plan . . . . .	<b>50%</b>	64%	49%	35%
Cut from the plan . . . . .	<b>35</b>	18	39	49
Don't know . . . . .	<b>15</b>	18	11	15

**[13]** Some lawmakers in Congress are proposing a \$3.5 trillion investment plan. This plan would make long-term care, health care, child care, and prescription drugs more affordable, while also investing in clean energy and extending tax cuts for most families with children.

While this plan is fully paid for by a mix of increasing taxes on the wealthy and large corporations, some lawmakers are concerned about how much this plan costs. Other lawmakers think the plan is currently the right size.

Below is a list of the different provisions of the plan. For each, say whether you want it to remain in the plan or be cut.

— Two years of tuition-free community college

		D	I	R
Remain in the plan . . . . .	<b>53%</b>	68%	53%	36%
Cut from the plan . . . . .	<b>34</b>	16	36	51
Don't know . . . . .	<b>14</b>	15	12	14

**[14]** Some lawmakers in Congress are proposing a \$3.5 trillion investment plan. This plan would make long-term care, health care, child care, and prescription drugs more affordable, while also investing in clean energy and extending tax cuts for most families with children.

While this plan is fully paid for by a mix of increasing taxes on the wealthy and large corporations, some lawmakers are concerned about how much this plan costs. Other lawmakers think the plan is currently the right size.

Below is a list of the different provisions of the plan. For each, say whether you want it to remain in the plan or be cut.

— Lowering the Medicare eligibility age from 65 to 60

		D	I	R
Remain in the plan . . . . .	<b>51%</b>	57%	48%	46%
Cut from the plan . . . . .	<b>35</b>	26	38	43
Don't know . . . . .	<b>14</b>	17	14	12

**[15]** Some lawmakers in Congress are proposing a \$3.5 trillion investment plan. This plan would make long-term care, health care, child care, and prescription drugs more affordable, while also investing in clean energy and extending tax cuts for most families with children.

While this plan is fully paid for by a mix of increasing taxes on the wealthy and large corporations, some lawmakers are concerned about how much this plan costs. Other lawmakers think the plan is currently the right size.

Below is a list of the different provisions of the plan. For each, say whether you want it to remain in the plan or be cut.

— Repairing and modernizing K-12 school buildings

		D	I	R
Remain in the plan . . . . .	<b>64%</b>	74%	62%	54%
Cut from the plan . . . . .	<b>22</b>	13	22	31
Don't know . . . . .	<b>14</b>	13	16	15

**[16]** Some lawmakers in Congress are proposing a \$3.5 trillion investment plan. This plan would make long-term care, health care, child care, and prescription drugs more affordable, while also investing in clean energy and extending tax cuts for most families with children.

While this plan is fully paid for by a mix of increasing taxes on the wealthy and large corporations, some lawmakers are concerned about how much this plan costs. Other lawmakers think the plan is currently the right size.

Below is a list of the different provisions of the plan. For each, say whether you want it to remain in the plan or be cut.

— Investing in long-term care for seniors and people with disabilities

		D	I	R
Remain in the plan . . . . .	<b>75%</b>	82%	75%	69%
Cut from the plan . . . . .	<b>13</b>	7	14	18
Don't know . . . . .	<b>12</b>	11	11	13

**[17]** Some lawmakers in Congress are proposing a \$3.5 trillion investment plan. This plan would make long-term care, health care, child care, and prescription drugs more affordable, while also investing in clean energy and extending tax cuts for most families with children.

While this plan is fully paid for by a mix of increasing taxes on the wealthy and large corporations, some lawmakers are concerned about how much this plan costs. Other lawmakers think the plan is currently the right size.

Below is a list of the different provisions of the plan. For each, say whether you want it to remain in the plan or be cut.

— Providing a pathway to citizenship for undocumented immigrants brought to the United States as children, those who work in essential industries, and for people who would be unsafe returning to their country of origin

		D	I	R
Remain in the plan . . . . .	<b>53%</b>	72%	53%	34%
Cut from the plan . . . . .	<b>31</b>	14	30	51
Don't know . . . . .	<b>15</b>	14	17	15

**[18]** Some lawmakers in Congress are proposing a \$3.5 trillion investment plan. This plan would make long-term care, health care, child care, and prescription drugs more affordable, while also investing in clean energy and extending tax cuts for most families with children.

While this plan is fully paid for by a mix of increasing taxes on the wealthy and large corporations, some lawmakers are concerned about how much this plan costs. Other lawmakers think the plan is currently the right size.

Below is a list of the different provisions of the plan. For each, say whether you want it to remain in the plan or be cut.

— Modernizing the electric grid, improving reliability, and funding new research

		D	I	R
Remain in the plan . . . . .	<b>69%</b>	79%	71%	57%
Cut from the plan . . . . .	<b>16</b>	7	14	28
Don't know . . . . .	<b>14</b>	14	15	15

**[19]** Some lawmakers in Congress are proposing a \$3.5 trillion investment plan. This plan would make long-term care, health care, child care, and prescription drugs more affordable, while also investing in clean energy and extending tax cuts for most families with children.

While this plan is fully paid for by a mix of increasing taxes on the wealthy and large corporations, some lawmakers are concerned about how much this plan costs. Other lawmakers think the plan is currently the right size.

Below is a list of the different provisions of the plan. For each, say whether you want it to remain in the plan or be cut.

— Creating a Civilian Climate Corps to add jobs to address climate change and conservation

		D	I	R
Remain in the plan . . . . .	<b>50%</b>	72%	49%	27%
Cut from the plan . . . . .	<b>34</b>	12	35	56
Don't know . . . . .	<b>16</b>	16	16	16

**[20]** Some lawmakers in Congress are proposing a \$3.5 trillion investment plan. This plan would make long-term care, health care, child care, and prescription drugs more affordable, while also investing in clean energy and extending tax cuts for most families with children.

While this plan is fully paid for by a mix of increasing taxes on the wealthy and large corporations, some lawmakers are concerned about how much this plan costs. Other lawmakers think the plan is currently the right size.

Below is a list of the different provisions of the plan. For each, say whether you want it to remain in the plan or be cut.

— Extending Child Tax benefits for families

**[21]** When thinking about the recent rises in costs for certain goods and services, which statement comes closest to your view, even if neither is exactly right?

		D	I	R
Remain in the plan . . . . .	<b>46%</b>	58%	46%	34%
Cut from the plan . . . . .	<b>38</b>	22	40	52
Don't know . . . . .	<b>16</b>	20	14	13

		D	I	R
The government should take action to create jobs and lower costs for middle-class families by investing in infrastructure and supporting our economy as it reopens after the pandemic. . . . .	<b>54%</b>	76%	50%	32%
To stop prices from rising, the government needs to stop spending now. Trillions of dollars have been pumped into the economy during the pandemic and this is creating inflation. . . . .	<b>37</b>	14	39	61
Don't know . . . . .	<b>9</b>	10	11	7

**[22]** When thinking about taxes in the United States, which statement comes closest to your view, even if neither is exactly right?

		D	I	R
The wealthy and large corporations currently aren't paying their fair share. To fund investments in long-term care for seniors, healthcare, and clean energy, we should raise taxes. . . . .	<b>60%</b>	72%	64%	42%
Wealthy Americans and large corporations are already paying enough in taxes and raising taxes now on job-creators risks hurting the American economy, still recovering from the pandemic. . . . .	<b>31</b>	17	27	49
Don't know . . . . .	<b>10</b>	11	9	9