

DATA FOR **PROGRESS**

From February 16 to 22, 2022, Data for Progress conducted a survey of 1,199 likely voters nationally using web panel respondents. The sample was weighted to be representative of likely voters by age, gender, education, race, and voting history. The survey was conducted in English. The margin of error is ± 3 percentage points.

N=1,199 unless otherwise specified. Some values may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

| | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|------------|-----|-----|-----|
| | | D | I | R | |
| [1] Lawmakers in Congress recently passed a bill that bans employers from forcing workers to settle sexual assault and harassment cases in arbitration, a process which resolves disputes outside of court. | Strongly support | 43% | 49% | 47% | 33% |
| | Somewhat support | 35 | 32 | 33 | 39 |
| | Somewhat oppose | 9 | 7 | 7 | 11 |
| | Strongly oppose | 5 | 4 | 5 | 5 |
| | Don't know | 9 | 8 | 8 | 11 |
| | SUPPORT (TOTAL) | 78% | 81% | 80% | 72% |
| | OPPOSE (TOTAL) | 14 | 11 | 12 | 16 |
| | SUPPORT (NET) | +64 | +70 | +68 | +56 |

This bill now gives individuals the option to resolve sexual assault and harassment cases by suing and bringing their case to court.

Do you support or oppose this bill?

[2] Lawmakers in Congress recently passed a bill that bans employers from forcing workers to settle sexual assault and harassment cases in arbitration, a process which resolves disputes outside of court.

This bill now gives individuals the option to resolve sexual assault and harassment cases by suing and bringing their case to court.

When thinking about this bill, which of the following comes closest to your view, even if neither is exactly right?

| | | | | |
|---|------------|-----|-----|-----|
| | | D | I | R |
| Congress should end forced arbitration in sexual assault and harassment claims because individuals should have control over their own cases and the right to be heard publicly | 67% | 69% | 69% | 63% |
| Congress should not end forced arbitration in sexual assault and harassment claims because dictating what employers can put in their employment contracts is an overreach of federal power | 22 | 21 | 21 | 25 |
| Don't know | 10 | 10 | 10 | 11 |