M DATA FOR **PROGRESS**

From April 7 to 13, 2022, Data for Progress conducted a survey of 622 likely voters in New York using web panel respondents. The sample was weighted to be representative of likely voters by age, gender, education, race, and voting history. The survey was conducted in English. The margin of error is ±4 percentage points.

NB: subgroups with a n-size less than 50 (<50) are not shown on these cross-tabs. We choose not to display N<50 subgroups because the sample is too small to have statistical significance. We did, however, take samples of these subgroups for representational and weighting purposes to accurately reflect the electorate makeup. Some values may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

N=622 unless otherwise specified.

[1] Would you support or oppose New York state lawmakers passing legislation to reduce air pollution and help decrease the number of New Yorkers who have asthma?

Response	Topline	Democrat	Independent / Third party	Republican	Black or African American	White	Latino/a	New York City
Strongly support	49	63	42	30	68	40	67	63
Somewhat support	36	28	42	44	17	44	19	24
Somewhat oppose	4	1	6	8	3	5	3	2
Strongly oppose	4	1	3	9	1	5	0	2
Don't know	7	7	7	9	10	6	11	8
SUPPORT (TOTAL)	85	91	84	74	85	84	86	87
OPPOSE (TOTAL)	8	2	9	17	4	10	3	4
SUPPORT (NET)	+77	+89	+75	+57	+81	+74	+83	+83
Weighted N	622	288	157	177	91	425	105	218

[2] Which statement comes closer to your view, even if neither is exactly right?

Response	Topline	Democrat	Inde- pendent / Third party	Repub lican	Black or African American	White	Latino/a	New York City
Some communities are more likely to develop asthma and other health problems because they are located closer to sources of air pollution. New York needs to place stricter limits on hazardous air pollution and place fines on those that do not comply to help the communities impacted by pollution.	72	83	73	53	80	69	76	78
New York does not need to issue any more environmental regulations that are just another source of government bureaucracy and never result in any meaningful change.	18	5	21	38	7	24	7	10
Don't know	9	12	6	9	13	7	17	12
Weighted N	622	288	157	177	91	425	105	218

[3] Black and Latino people have higher rates of asthma, diabetes, high blood pressure, and other health conditions compared to other races and ethnicities.

Do you think these worse health outcomes are primarily the result of a legacy of racial discrimination or because of poor individual choices?

Response	Topline	Democrat	Inde- pendent / Third party	Repub lican	Black or African American	White	Latino/a	New York City
Worse health outcomes are primarily the result of a legacy of racial discrimination, including a lack of access to fresh and healthy foods, poor healthcare treatment, and communities located in high-pollution areas	54	76	45	25	71	47	75	66
Worse health outcomes are primarily the result of poor individual choices, not outside factors	34	14	40	62	16	42	12	19
Don't know	12	9	15	14	13	11	13	15
Weighted N	622	288	157	177	91	425	105	218