



Candidate Climate Plan Summary

JAY INSLEE

ABOUT THE PROJECT

The Green New Deal is an ambitious policy agenda to tackle the climate crisis, create quality jobs, and promote justice. It has become a core element of many Democrats' platforms in the 2020 Presidential race, with more than half of all candidates endorsing the Green New Deal and widespread, bipartisan support among American voters.

To determine the thoroughness of each candidate's climate platform in addressing the features of the Green New Deal and allow for some basis for comparison, Data For Progress created a Candidate Climate Plan Summary for the debate-eligible Democratic candidates' climate policy proposals to-date. We include on a rolling basis candidates with published presidential campaign plans, rather than public statements or legislative history. Using a rubric of 48 essential Green New Deal components, we identify where each candidate 1) addressed a component with a proposed federal policy or action, 2) acknowledged a component but lacked clear policy details, or 3) did not include a component. We assess only the presence of specific components, but do not evaluate the merits of any particular approach.

If you see something missing from our analysis, please contact Data For Progress via our website.

JAY INSLEE

Has called for a Green New Deal? **YES**

PROPOSALS

- ★ [100% Clean Energy for American Plan](#)
- ★ [Evergreen Economy Plan](#)
- ★ [Plan for Global Climate Mobilization](#)
- ★ [Freedom from Fossil Fuels](#)
- ★ [Call to Action for a Climate Conservation Corps](#)
- ★ [Ready for the Future](#)
- ★ [Growing Rural Prosperity](#)

Very thorough	JAY INSLEE'S POLICY AGENDA: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Addresses 42 of 48 components in our GND rubric ◐ Acknowledges 2 components
Thorough	
Incomplete	
Very incomplete	

Inslee's climate policy is a comprehensive package of seven detailed and thorough policy plans, plus a call-to-action for a Climate Conservation Corps. His 100% Clean Energy for America Plan aims to phase out fossil fuels entirely and transition the U.S. economy to 100% carbon-neutral electricity by 2030 and 100% renewable electricity by 2035. By 2030, it seeks to eliminate emissions from all new light- and medium-duty vehicles and make all new buildings zero-carbon. To meet these targets in an inclusive manner, Inslee proposes policies to develop a clean energy workforce, hold polluters liable, and support frontline communities. He is specific about the agencies, laws, and executive authorities he plans to leverage to accomplish these goals.



\$3 trillion
direct federal
investment



8 million jobs
from the Evergreen
Economy Plan



10 years
to achieve spending
and jobs targets

COMMITMENT TO GREEN NEW DEAL PRINCIPLES

The Green New Deal is an ambitious plan for climate action, job creation, and justice.

Inslee's five plans set aggressive and quantifiable targets to eliminate ambient pollution, mitigate further climate change by transitioning to a 100% carbon-free energy system, adapt to current and locked-in climate impacts, and build a sustainable economy. Jobs and justice, particularly for marginalized, frontline, and transitioning communities, are centerpieces in Inslee's climate policy agenda. He proposes a G.I. Bill, re-investment fund, and pension guarantee for impacted fossil fuel workers. His Evergreen Economy Plan, which he claims will generate 8 million jobs in the transition to a low-carbon economy, ensures a federally-backed \$25/hour wage for skilled clean energy workers. Inslee proposes the creation of an Office of Environmental Justice in the Department of Justice to uphold environmental justice standards across all federal agencies, including requirements for free, prior, and informed consent among impacted stakeholders, particularly tribal nations.

Governor Inslee's Freedom from Fossil Fuels plan creates specific measures to ensure financial responsibility and transparency among fossil fuel companies and the organizations that support them, including SEC monitoring of climate risks. He includes provisions to sunset existing investments, including the closure of all coal plants by 2030, and plans to factor climate into new federal infrastructure planning by codifying a "climate test" before issuing permits.

HAS JAY INSLEE OUTLINED A POLICY AGENDA THAT ADDRESSES THE KEY COMPONENTS OF THE GREEN NEW DEAL?

We took a look at Jay Inslee’s official climate plan(s) to determine which components of the Green New Deal he has **Addressed, Acknowledged, or Not Included**. Where obvious, we also reviewed non-climate policies and statements that outline a clear plan to address the Social Safety Net components of the Green New Deal.



Plan addresses component with federal policies and actions.





































Plan acknowledges component but lacks clear policies or actions.



Plan does not include component.

Low Carbon Economy	ELECTRICITY SOURCES & EMISSIONS Eliminating emissions from the power sector in the 10-15 year time frame	●
	ENERGY SECTOR SOURCES & EMISSIONS Eliminating emissions from the full energy sector in the next 20-30 years	●
	ECONOMY-WIDE EMISSIONS TARGET Eliminating emissions from the full economy in the next 30 years, including land use, industry, and waste	●
	NON-RENEWABLE CLEAN ENERGY SOURCES The development and use of nuclear, hydrogen, and carbon capture energy technologies	●
	CARBON PRICING & SOCIAL COST OF POLLUTION Applying a price to carbon and other pollution either through tax, fee, or cap & trade system	●
	ENERGY DEMOCRACY Increasing community ownership of energy generation through more distributed system and cooperatives	●
	NATIONAL GRID IMPROVEMENTS Modernizing the national grid to allow for more storage and long-distance transmission of renewable energy	●
	ENERGY EFFICIENCY Energy Efficiency through new building, power, and industrial standards, technology, and retrofits	●
	ELECTRIC VEHICLES Rapid expansion of zero-emissions vehicles and charging infrastructure	●
	TRANSPORTATION EMISSIONS Eliminating emissions from full transportation sector, including aviation, rail, and waterborne	●
	PUBLIC INVESTMENT IN INNOVATION & R&D Technology innovation research, development, demonstration, and distribution	●
	MOBILIZE CLIMATE FINANCE Create a Green Bank or other fund to deploy public and private capital to achieve a low-carbon economy	●

Clean Air and Clean Water	CLEAN AIR National clean air attainment	
	METHANE LEAKAGE & CAPTURE Eliminate emissions from existing oil and gas operations, and capture emissions from waste/wastewater systems	
	REFRIGERANTS AND HIGH-GWP POLLUTANTS Phase-out all remaining high-GWP and ozone-depleting pollutants	
	CARBON REMOVAL Direct air capture and other negative emissions technologies	
	WATER INFRASTRUCTURE National lead pipe removal and water treatment upgrades for universal clean water	
	CLEAN WATER ACCESS Affordable water access and national conservation	
	WATERWAYS PROTECTIONS Expanded protections to national waterways from agricultural and industrial pollution	
	POLLUTER LIABILITY Holding firms civilly or criminally accountable for their current or historical pollution	
Natural and Working Land Restoration	PUBLIC LANDS Moratorium on fossil fuel extraction on public lands	
	REFORESTATION & AFFORESTATION Forest and grassland restoration	
	SENSITIVE LANDS AND BIODIVERSITY Protection for crucial wildlife habitat, biodiversity hotspots, and ecosystem services in U.S. public lands and waters	
	ARCTIC PROTECTION Banning offshore drilling in the Arctic and the ANWR	
	WETLAND RESTORATION Expanded wetland protection and restoration	
	SUSTAINABLE FARMING Incentives and standards for sustainable farming practices with reduced chemical use and more diversification	
	SOIL HEALTH Incentives and standards to promote soil health for better food, water quality, and carbon storage	
	BROWNFIELDS & HAZARDOUS SITES Remediation of polluted sites to return to natural or economic use	

Sustainable and Resilient Communities	COMMUNITY RESILIENCE Infrastructure and education to improve community resilience to climate related hazards	
	PUBLIC SPACES Increase availability and access to community green spaces and outdoor recreation	
	PUBLIC HEALTH Improving quality of, and access to, health services to address the public health impacts of climate change	
	URBAN LAND USE & MOBILITY Reduce sprawl and vehicle travel by improving range, frequency, speed, safety, and affordability of mobility	
	ZERO WASTE Eliminate as much landfilling as possible through material waste reduction, reuse, and recycling	
Job Creation and Economic Development	JUST TRANSITION Targeting support to industries and communities affected by the transition away from fossil fuels	
	JOB GUARANTEE Ensuring anyone who wants a good job can have one supporting public projects	
	WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT & TRAINING Education, training, and certification for good jobs required in the economy	
	JOB QUALITY STANDARDS Labor protections, minimum wages, and collective bargaining rights for all jobs	
	LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Targeted investment to grow jobs particularly in marginalized and frontline communities	
	ANTITRUST Returning fairness to the economy by breaking up monopolies across various industries	
Social Safety Net*	ENVIRONMENTAL & SOCIAL JUSTICE STANDARDS Ensuring all government actions, programs, and project abide by standard of fairness and equity	
	SOVEREIGNTY RIGHTS & INDIGENOUS LANDS Respecting and strengthening the rights of indigenous peoples for the use of their historical lands	
	BASIC INCOME PROGRAMS Guaranteeing a basic level of income to provide for basic needs - food, housing, transportation	
	UNIVERSAL HEALTH CARE Guaranteeing access to affordable healthcare for all and affirmation of health care as a human right	
	PUBLIC BANKS Using the US Postal Service or other entity to provide accessible and affordable banking to the economically vulnerable	
	AFFORDABLE HOUSING Solving the shortage of accessible, transit-connect, and affordable through financing, new construction, and policies	
	EDUCATION AND SCHOOL INVESTMENT Funding infrastructure repair and upgrades for schools, investing in STEM education, climate and environment education programs	
International Leadership	GLOBAL GREEN NEW DEAL Forming an international agreement or body to advance sustainable economy policy globally	
	INTERNATIONAL TRADE Using the power of trade to incentivize other countries to reduce carbon emissions and other pollution	